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## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method for forming at least one opening in an insulating layer on a substrate while depositing a barrier layer on side walls of the opening without essentially depositing the barrier layer on a bottom of the opening, the method comprising the steps of:

subjecting the substrate to a plasma, the plasma being generated in a gaseous mixture comprising at least three components, the components comprising a first component for depositing the metal barrier layer on at least the side walls of the opening, a second component for forming an opening in the insulating layer, and a third component for removing the barrier layer being formed on the bottom of the opening, wherein the first component is selected from the group consisting of 1-methyl silane, 2-methyl silane, 3-methyl silane, 4-methyl-silane, a mixture of SiH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>, a mixture of WF<sub>6</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>, and combinations thereof, wherein the second component is selected from the group consisting of N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub> mixtures, N<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> mixtures, O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and combinations thereof, and wherein the third component comprises a chemical compound that forms a halogen ion or a halogen radical in the plasma;

etching the insulating layer with the plasma; and depositing the barrier layer on the side walls of the opening with the plasma.

- 2. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the first component is selected from the group consisting of 1 methyl silane, 2 methyl silane, 3-methyl silane, and 4-methyl-silane, a mixture of SiH4 and N<sub>2</sub>, a mixture of WF<sub>6</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>, and combinations thereof.
- 3. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1 wherein the second component is selected from the group consisting of  $N_*O_y$ ,  $C_*F_yH_*O_u$ ,  $N_2/O_2$  mixtures,  $N_2/H_2$  mixtures, and  $O_{27}O_{37}NH_3$ , CO,  $CO_{27}CH_4$ , and combinations thereof.
- 4. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the third component comprises a chemical compound that forms a halogen ion or a radical in the plasma is selected from the group consisting of CF<sub>4</sub>, CHF<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, CHF<sub>3</sub>, and mixtures thereof.
  - 5. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim -4— 1, wherein the third component is selected from the group consisting of NF<sub>3</sub>, SF<sub>6</sub>,  $F_2$ , CIF<sub>3</sub>, and mixtures thereof.

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6. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the gaseous mixture further comprises an inert gas selected from the group consisting of Ar, He,  $N_2$ , and mixtures thereof.

- 7. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the plasma is a continuous plasma.
- 8. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the plasma is a pulsed plasma.
- 9. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the barrier layer is a metal diffusion barrier layer.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 9, wherein the barrier layer comprises <u>hydrogenated</u> silicon carbide.
- 11. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the insulating layer comprises a porous material.
- 12. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is an organic containing insulating layer.
- 13. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is an inorganic containing insulating layer.
- 14. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the opening is a via hole, the via hole extending through the insulating layer to an underlying conductive layer or to an underlying barrier layer.
- 15. (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the steps of: covering the insulating layer with a bilayer, the bilayer comprising a resist hard mask layer formed on the insulating layer and a resist layer formed on the hard mask layer; and patterning the bilayer.

16-36. (Cancelled)